

CAMBRIDGE POLICE DEPARTMENT



2006

THIRD QUARTER CRIME REPORT

COVERING JANUARY 1- SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

Statistics, Descriptions and Analysis Covering Part I and II Crimes	Cambridge Neighborhood Crime Statistics
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2006 THIRD QUARTER SUMMARY

MURDER:

- ◆ There were two homicides in the first quarter of 2006 in Cambridge.
- ◆ The first homicide occurred on March 18th on Hamilton St. around 11 p.m. The victim was a Cambridge resident who was fatally wounded during a drive-by shooting.
- ◆ Ten days later, on March 28th, the second homicide occurred at one in the morning. The victim, a Somerville resident, was shot outside the *Phoenix Landing* on Massachusetts Ave. A large group of witnesses observed the shooting and were able to give a description of the suspect and point out his direction of flight. Police were able to locate and arrest the suspected shooter not long after the incident occurred.
- ◆ The most recent homicide conviction was that of Kevin Robinson in September of 2005, for murder and arson. In August, two people died as a result of a fire set in their building by Robinson. Robinson, who was a previous tenant of the same building, allegedly had ongoing problems with the building's landlord.
- ◆ No homicides took place in during the second or third quarter of the year.

RAPE:

- ◆ Two rapes were reported in the first, second, and third quarters. The first quarter incidents were non-stranger assaults; one was an attempted rape by an acquaintance that occurred mid-March in which the victim fought back. A majority of the other rapes throughout the year were also non-stranger assaults.
 - **Acquaintance Rapes** are non-domestic rapes committed by someone who knows the victim. They include rapes of co-workers, schoolmates, friends, and other acquaintances, including "date rapes."
 - **Blitz Rapes** are stranger rapes in which the rapist assaults the victim on the street with no prior contact. Generally, the suspect "comes out of nowhere."
 - **Contact Rapes** are stranger rapes in which the suspect contacts the victim and tries to gain their confidence before assaulting them. Contact rapists typically pick up their victims in bars, lure them into their cars or houses, or otherwise try to coerce the victim into a situation in which they can begin their assault.
 - **Domestic Rapes** involve rapes between spouses, romantic partners, and family members.

ROBBERY:

FIRST QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ Street robberies were down by 34% from the last year's first quarter. There were 15 commercial robberies this first quarter, also down 35% over last year.
- ◆ A habitual purse-snatcher was arrested in Harvard Square on January 10th after police stopped the suspect and the victim positively identified him as the man who grabbed and ran with her purse.
- ◆ There was a notable street robbery pattern that developed in Area 4, which started at the end of February and continued into the beginning of March. In all six cases, there were

multiple suspects threatened the victim with a gun and demanded his or her wallet. In most cases, victims were males walking alone late at night.

- ◆ The first quarter saw only three gas station robberies, down from seven in last year's first quarter.
- ◆ There were three robberies beginning in January and continuing into early February at one convenience store located on Massachusetts Ave; and two commercial robberies that targeted dry cleaning establishments on Saturdays in January and February.

SECOND QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ Six commercial robberies were reported in the second quarter of 2006, bringing the year to date total to a 45% decrease over 2005.
- ◆ Street robberies were also down for the first six months of the year, by 9 from 2005. Pack robberies have, however, doubled during the same time period in comparison to 2005 totals.
- ◆ One bank and two retail store robberies took place during this period. Three of the incidents reported in May took place in convenience stores, two of which involved the same suspect, a regular store customer, who used a handgun to intimidate the clerk. This suspect was arrested subsequent to the second robbery.
- ◆ Arrests were made at the scene of five of the reported street robberies.

THIRD QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ There were seven commercial robberies over the three-month course of the third quarter. Compared to 17 robberies in 2005, this is a 59% decrease. The first nine months of the year reported 28 robberies, translating to an incredible 49% decrease from last year.
- ◆ A Somerville resident was arrested in early August after attempting to rob a convenience store on Massachusetts Ave. and then snatching a woman's purse in the Cambridge Common. Both victims positively identified him as the perpetrator.
- ◆ There were two bank and two gas station robberies during this time period. A restaurant on Prospect St. was robbed and two convenience type markets were also targeted.
- ◆ Street robberies increased by two incidents for the first nine months of the year.
- ◆ The third quarter saw four arrests for street robberies. A Cambridge resident was arrested after a drug deal went wrong, a Boston resident was arrested after stealing the victim's wallet, a Watertown resident was arrested after being identified as one of two suspects who robbed a group of five young males with a BB gun, and three Cambridge residents were arrested after attacking a victim in the Cambridge Common.
- ◆ Riverside, Area 4, and North Cambridge were the top three neighborhoods for street robberies from July to September. **See the Pattern Analysis section for more information on robbery trends.**

BURGLARY:

COMMERCIAL BURGLARY: FIRST QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ There was an 8% decrease in commercial burglaries in the first quarter, mostly attributed to the decline in professional commercial burglaries targeting safes that were prominent in 2005. Of the 36 incidents, three were attempts where entry was apparently not gained and four were likely inside jobs perpetrated by current or former employees.
- ◆ A Somerville resident was arrested in February after being identified as the suspect who broke into the *Maria Bonita* restaurant on Massachusetts Ave. earlier in the month.

- ◆ Throughout the first two quarters, there was a sporadic trend of commercial breaks into convenience and drug stores where lottery tickets were removed from the premises. It is believed that the suspects were also involved with additional commercial breaks in Cambridge. **See the Commercial Burglary Pattern Analysis section for a review of this pattern.**

COMMERCIAL BURGLARY: SECOND QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ There was a 34% increase in commercial burglaries from the first six months of last year compared to this year. This increase can be attributed to the rapid upsurge of commercial breaks at construction sites for their equipment and copper. Of the 91 incidents, six were attempts and 13 were likely inside jobs.
- ◆ A homeless man was arrested in early April after officers were dispatched to *Oleana Restaurant* on a report of a break in progress. When officers arrived, the perpetrator was found standing inside the restaurant.
- ◆ Between January and June, there were 35 thefts from construction sites, including both commercial and residential buildings, where expensive tools, piping, appliances, and other equipment were stolen. Locations in East Cambridge accounted for 39% and North Cambridge accounted for 25% of the larcenies.
- ◆ Theft of copper materials has been on the rise in the second quarter. There have been 17 reported copper thefts in the city since the beginning of the year, however, 14 of those were reported after May 1st.

COMMERCIAL BURGLARY: THIRD QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ There were 42 commercial breaks in the third quarter of 2006, bringing the year's total to 134, compared to last year's total of 110, representing a 22% increase.
- ◆ Locations in East Cambridge accounted for 24%, North Cambridge and West Cambridge both accounted for 14% of the larcenies during the third quarter.
- ◆ Seven people were arrested regarding four of the forty-two breaks. A man from Athol was arrested in August for attempting to break into a building containing four businesses.
- ◆ Construction site breaks have cooled but still occurred with 12 that took place throughout the third quarter. Thieves switched to stealing copper down spouts and brass hose connectors off residential houses and buildings. **See the Commercial Burglary and Construction Site Theft Pattern Analysis section for a review of these patterns.**

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY: FIRST QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ Down by more than a half from last year's first quarter total, there was an exceptionally low total of residential burglaries in the first quarter. Ten of the 60 residential burglaries were attempts, where entry into the victims' homes was not gained.
- ◆ The four neighborhoods that saw the largest decrease in residential burglaries from 2005's first quarter to this first quarter were East Cambridge by 85%, Cambridgeport by 79%, Peabody by 71%, and Mid-Cambridge by 54%.
- ◆ Laptops, cash, and jewelry were common targets of housebreaks in the first quarter.
- ◆ Two individuals were arrested in Somerville in early April in connection with a series of housebreaks along the Cambridge/Somerville border. They are believed to be involved in over a dozen housebreaks along the border affecting both cities. **For more details on Residential Burglaries this past quarter please see the Pattern Analysis section.**

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY: SECOND QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ When comparing last year's total numbers from January to June, there has been a 27% decrease in residential burglary. However, in the second quarter alone, from April to June, there was a slight increase with one more residential burglary from last year's second quarter: 130 housebreaks in 2006 and 129 housebreaks in 2005. This can be solely attributed to the Mid-Cambridge housebreak series in which from mid May to June over 20 burglaries were reported.
- ◆ Laptops, digital cameras, and I-pods were the common targets of the burglaries.
- ◆ The four neighborhoods that saw the largest decrease in residential burglaries from last year's first half to this year's first half were East Cambridge by 66%, North Cambridge by 59%, and Peabody and West Cambridge both by 52%.
- ◆ Area 4 and Agassiz neighborhoods both saw a slight increase in the number of residential burglaries.

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARY: THIRD QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ There were 345 residential burglaries over the first nine months of the year; this translates to a 12% decrease from last year.
- ◆ This low average can be partially attributed to the interdiction of housebreaks before they occur with investigations conducted by the Criminal Investigations Unit combined with information received from the Crime Analysis Unit. Additionally, patrol officers were able to arrest significant known burglars, deterring several housebreaks.
- ◆ Common targets of these burglaries were laptop computers, cash, cameras, and jewelry.
- ◆ The two neighborhoods that saw the largest decrease in residential burglaries over last year's third quarter to this year's third quarter were East Cambridge and Peabody. **For more details on Residential Burglaries this past quarter please see the Pattern Analysis section.**

LARCENY:

FIRST QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ Larcenies have overall increased 13%; the bulk of this increase can be attributed to larcenies from motor vehicles, which is up 47% from last year to this year.
- ◆ The most significant larceny trend of the first three months has been the theft of GPS navigation systems in cars. The larceny of these systems is a national trend. They are a popular target for theft because they are easy to take and resell, easy to conceal, and very expensive. The State Police arrested an individual who admitted to over a dozen larcenies from motor vehicles in Cambridge.

SECOND QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ◆ Larcenies from motor vehicles have been by far the hottest crime in Cambridge throughout the entire year. There has been a 24% increase in incidents from last year to this year.
- ◆ The most significant larceny trend during the second quarter was theft of car stereos from the Sector 5 (majority in the Peabody neighborhood). There were three series of these types of larcenies throughout the second quarter. All three months in the second quarter, (April, May, and June) saw a series of these larcenies.

THIRD QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ♦ The two most significant patterns in larcenies over the past nine months has been the substantial increase in larcenies from residences (up 40%) and from motor vehicles (up 36%).
- ♦ The increase of larcenies from residences can be largely attributed to the thefts of copper downspouts on the outside of homes, a total of 26 of these types of thefts was reported; 14 from sector 4 and 12 from sector 5.
- ♦ The high number of larcenies from motor vehicles was driven by GPS thefts in the first quarter. In addition, random homeless persons breaking into cars with loose change in visible sight was seen throughout the City. The other common targets over the three-month time frame were car stereos, miscellaneous electronics (laptops, I-pods, etc.), and cell phones.
- ♦ **For more details, see the Pattern Analysis section.**

AUTO THEFT:

FIRST QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ♦ In the first three months, the auto theft total was 23% lower than last year's first quarter total. Of the 44 stolen cars, Inman/Harrington and North Cambridge together reported 40% of the auto thefts.
- ♦ Thirty nine percent of the stolen cars have been recovered to date. A majority of them were recovered locally in Cambridge.

SECOND QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ♦ Auto theft continued to decrease over the second quarter, bringing the year to date total down by nearly 20%.
- ♦ Nearly half of the vehicles stolen in the second quarter were recovered within the same period.
- ♦ Peabody reported the highest number of thefts from a single neighborhood.
- ♦ With such an exceptionally low total, no discernable patterns developed over the three months.

THIRD QUARTER SYNOPSIS

- ♦ Auto thefts to date have decreased by 9% from 2005 third quarter rates.
- ♦ There were no significant patterns in auto theft over the past nine months of the year.
- ♦ Peabody continues to report the highest number of thefts from a single neighborhood, followed by Cambridgeport.
- ♦ Over the three-month time frame, four Hondas, three Fords, two Toyotas, one Lexus, and one BMW were stolen.
- ♦ In the first nine months of the year, there has been a 40% recovery rate for stolen motor vehicles.

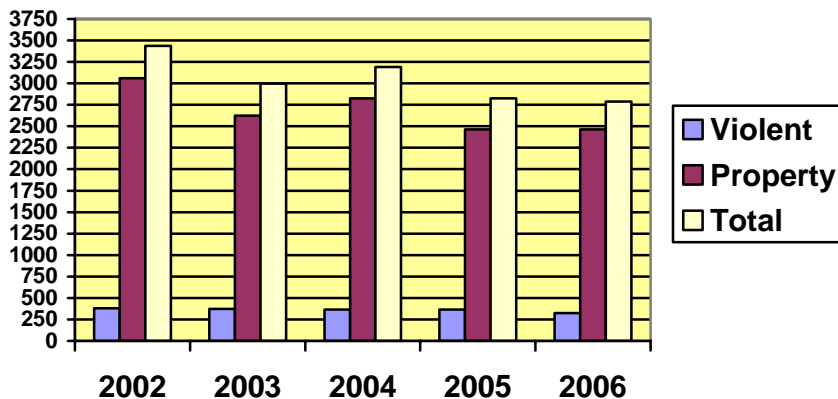
CRIMES REPORTED IN CAMBRIDGE

January 1 to September 30, 2006

Part I Crime	2003 1/1-9/30	2004 1/1-9/30	2005 1/1-9/30	2006 1/1-9/30	% Change 05-06
Murder	2	0	3	2	-33%
Rape	7	10	10	6	N/A
Stranger	1	2	3	0	N/A
Non-Stranger	6	8	7	6	N/A
Robbery	163	165	177	144	-19%
Commercial	28	45	55	28	-49%
Street	135	120	122	116	-5%
Aggravated Assault	201	190	174	174	No change
Burglary	448	506	502	479	-5%
Commercial	113	83	110	134	+22%
Residential	335	423	392	345	-12%
Larceny	1851	1991	1748	1760	+1%
Building	403	437	408	279	-32%
From Motor Vehicle	487	548	416	566	+36%
Person	239	254	258	235	-9%
Bicycle	169	195	185	168	-9%
Shoplifting	265	289	293	251	-14%
Residence	167	173	136	191	+40%
MV Plate	63	45	29	25	-14%
Services	26	22	15	12	-20%
Misc.	32	28	8	33	+312
Auto Theft	324	329	213	194	-9%
Total Violent	373	365	364	326	-11%
Total Prop.	2623	2826	2463	2463	No change
Index Total	2996	3191	2827	2789	-1%

*Note: percentages are not calculated for numbers so small as to lead to a statistically misleading percentage.

5 Year Crime Comparison January - September



Highlights: Third Quarter in Review

Over the first three quarters of 2006, there have been 38 fewer index crimes reported in Cambridge when compared with the same time period last year, which translates to a 1% decrease in serious crime.

Further analysis of violent crime reveals that there was an 8% decrease, with, coincidentally, 38 fewer crimes recorded in 2006.

An enormous decrease of commercial robberies was recorded. This 49% decrease can be partly attributed to the eradication of gas station robberies that plagued the City last year. As well as how patrol officers were able to arrest significant known robbers, deterring several commercial robberies.

There was no change in the total property crime over the first nine months. Nevertheless, there was a dramatic increase of larcenies from residences during this time frame. A majority of these thefts were to the exterior of the home. The 40% increase in larcenies from residences was driven by a sharp incline in the theft of copper downspouts and gutters during the third quarter in sectors four and five.

The 36% increase in larcenies from motor vehicles can be attributed to a dramatic surge of GPS thefts in the first quarter. Auto theft is down by nine percent, a decline that will contribute to its 50 year low.

CRIMES REPORTED IN CAMBRIDGE

Part II Crime	2005 1/1-9/30	2006 1/1-9/30	% Change 05-06
Narcotics	115	115	No change
Malicious Destruction Total	593	509	-14%
Attempted Theft	8	8	No change
Business (Other)	35	28	-20%
Business Window	43	45	+4%
Car (Other)	104	87	-13%
Car Window	122	125	+2%
Graffiti	80	67	-17%
House Window	21	38	+80%
Pinstripping	51	41	-20%
Residence (Other)	36	31	-14%
Tire Slashing	76	36	-53%
Revenge	17	3	-83%
Fraud Total	330	305	-8%
Embezzlement	8	4	-50%
Counterfeiting	18	10	-44%
Identity Theft	91	76	-17%
Forgery/ Uttering Total	180	173	-4%
Bad Check	14	43	+207%
Forged Check	56	25	-56%
ATM/Credit Card	98	99	+1%
Miscellaneous Forgery	12	6	-50%
Con Game Total	33	42	+27%
Big Carrot Con	7	5	-29%
Cash Shuffle	2	6	+200%
Pigeon Drop Con	5	0	N/A*
Charity	2	2	No change
Other Internet Related	8	18	+125%
Miscellaneous Con games	9	11	+22%
Sex Offenses Total	65	49	-25%
Annoying & Accosting	7	11	+57%
Indecent Assault	17	10	-48%
Peeping & Spying	5	7	+40%
Prostitution and Soliciting	4	4	No change
Indecent Exposure	32	17	-47%
Disorderly Conduct	20	39	+95%
Drinking in Public	27	20	-26%
Extortion/Blackmail	0	2	N/A*
Hit & Run Accidents	627	475	-25%
Kidnapping	4	5	+25%
Liquor Violations	3	9	+200%
OUI	35	35	No change
Threats	260	186	-29%
Trespassing	37	39	+5%
Weapons/Gun Violations	18	51	+183%
TOTAL Part II Crimes	3335	2917	-13%

Highlights: Third Quarter in Review

There were 418 fewer Part Two crimes in the first nine months of this year as opposed to last. This translates to a 13% decrease overall.

Ninety-six of the 115 narcotics incidents (83%) resulted in an arrest. Of the arrests, 43% were for marijuana, 18% were for cocaine, and 15% were for crack cocaine. There are several scenarios by which a drug arrest develops, 35% occurred when a police officer on patrol observed suspicious street activity and upon further investigation discovered narcotics, 34% occurred when the Cambridge Police Department Special Investigation Unit initiated an investigation or conducted a surveillance resulting in an arrest.

Overall, malicious destruction incidents decreased by 14%; however broken house windows recorded a significant increase compared to last year during this time period. Thirteen of the 509 incidents involved the use of a BB gun. Tire slashings continued on their downward decent, seeing a decrease of over 50%.

An increase of disorderly conduct incidents was seen over the first three quarters of the year. A majority of these incidents revolved around intoxicated parties.

Weapon/gun violations include illegal possession, discharge of weapon and bomb threats. There were 17 reports of gunshots over the first three quarters of the year; in four of these reports, casings were found at the scene. Eleven of the 51 weapons violations resulted in an arrest. A majority of the arrests were made for illegal gun possessions.

*Note: percentages are not calculated for numbers so small as to lead to statistically misleading percentages.

THIRD QUARTER 2006 PATTERN ANALYSIS AND POLICE RESPONSE STRATEGIES

SERIOUS CRIME SLIGHTLY DROPPING:

Over the first nine months of 2006, there were 38 fewer index crimes when compared with the same time period last year. This decrease translates in to a 1% decline in serious crime. There were 38 fewer violent crimes equaling an 11% reduction. There was no change in the overall property crime. There were, however decreases in auto theft, 9%, and residential burglary, by 12%.

COMMERCIAL BURGLARIES ON THE RISE:

There was a 22% increase in commercial burglaries from last year's third quarter to this year's. This increase can be attributed to the rapid upsurge of commercial breaks at construction sites for their equipment and copper.

The first quarter saw an 8% decrease, mostly attributed to the cooling of the professional commercial burglary pattern involving the theft of safes in commercial establishments which was active throughout 2005. This pattern was not evident in the first or second quarter of 2006. There was one commercial burglary in the first quarter that resembled the previous year's pattern where the suspects cut a hole in the wall of *Anna's Taqueria* on Somerville Ave. The suspects tried to pry open the safes, but were unsuccessful. The suspects in this commercial burglary were thought to be involved in additional burglaries that occurred in December of 2005 and in an attempted commercial break into a convenience store located on Massachusetts Ave. at the end of March 2006.

Around early April there was a series and a regional pattern of specific commercial breaks in the early hours of the morning targeting convenience stores with lottery tickets, telephone cards and cigarettes. There were less than a handful of these burglaries sporadically around Cambridge. It is believed that the same suspects involved with the commercial breaks mentioned previously, were also involved with the lottery tickets thefts.

A Somerville resident was arrested in February after being identified as the suspect who broke into the *Maria Bonita* restaurant on Massachusetts Ave. earlier in the month. Another arrest was made in connection with two incidents that occurred at *Oleana Restaurant* on Hampshire St. A homeless man was arrested in early April after officers were dispatched to *Oleana Restaurant* on a report of a break in progress. When officers arrived, the man was found standing inside the restaurant.

There were 42 commercial burglaries during the third quarter of this year; eight of those were construction sites where copper material was targeted. Nearly a quarter of the 42 burglaries took place in East Cambridge. A Brighton resident was arrested in early August for multiple counts of breaking and entering regarding two cash register breaks that occurred at the *Sears* and the *Baby Gap* in the Galleria Mall. This suspect is also believed to be the perpetrator in two previous cash register thefts at *Sears* in the Galleria in July. Two Cambridge residents were arrested in Mid-August for commercial burglary after a witness observed them illegally entering into a building on Monsignor O'Brien Highway. No significant spatial or temporal commercial burglary patterns have been identified during the third quarter.

CONSTRUCTION SITE THEFT:

Between January and September, there were nearly 50 thefts from building construction sites, with three quarters of the incidents occurring during May, June, and July. This trend has since cooled and there have been no new incidents reported since the beginning of August. Both commercial and residential buildings have been targeted, where expensive tools, piping, appliances, and other equipment were stolen. Locations in East Cambridge accounted for 45% and North Cambridge accounted for 25% of the larcenies. The rest were scattered throughout the City. This series was relatively quiet in February and picked up again toward the end of March. It was extremely quiet in April, with only one reported larceny. Nevertheless, the following month of May saw the most incidents accounting for 31%.

There have been numerous arrests in neighboring cities in connection to these thefts. An arrest was made here in Cambridge in late June of a Cambridge resident who was caught inside a construction site on Hampshire St. Although not believed to be one of the more serious offenders involved in these thefts, the offender was prowling around the area taking pictures of numerous heavy construction tools.

HOT TARGET: COPPER

Cambridge has experienced a rash of copper thefts throughout the city. These thefts have occurred at construction sites, utility companies (i.e. plumbing, electric, etc.), and from residences. Theft of copper has been seen in almost all neighboring cities and towns. There have been numerous arrests made in Cambridge and in surrounding cities relating to the theft of copper materials.

The majority of the copper thefts from construction sites and building renovations took place in East Cambridge. Since the beginning of the year, there have been 20 copper thefts from construction sites. The hottest month for this activity was May with six sites targeted; five of which six were located in East Cambridge. This trend of targeting construction sites for copper appears to have cooled with no new incidents reported since the beginning of August.

During the summer months of August and September, there was a rapid increase in the theft of copper downspouts from the sides of homes in the city. Theft of these downspouts, also known as gutters, was seen primarily in the West Cambridge and Peabody neighborhoods. Since August 1st, there have been 26 such thefts from homes, 14 from sector 4 and 12 from sector 5.

Another type of site targeted in the city for its copper were utility companies. These companies have ranged from plumbing, electric, and construction companies. They also have been located throughout the city. These burglaries started occurring in May of this year; thus far there have been nine of these commercial breaks.

Since early September a rash of brass connector thefts occurred. A City of Cambridge owned building on Thorndike St. was targeted in early September where four brass direct connection spouts were stolen. This was the first theft of its kind in the City this year. The brass pipes and fixtures have been stolen from the city's high school, an elementary school, and the Cambridgeside Galleria. Thieves have even gone as far to steal the brass fixtures from stairwells inside a Kendall Square parking garage. According to Captain Gerry Mahoney of the Cambridge Fire Department, there has been total of 18 "known thefts" thus far.

Two Cambridge residents and one Medford resident were arrested in late July for commercial burglary after breaking into a construction site on Cambridge Street; the two Cambridge residents had both previously been arrested eight times in Cambridge. A Cambridge resident was arrested breaking into a Binney St. construction site after he attempted to steal welding leads. One of the most significant arrests in the third quarter was of a 23-year-old Everett resident who admitted to breaking into a few construction sites around the City. This same suspect was arrested nearly a week later by the Harvard Police Department in connection with copper thefts on the University's property as well.

FIRST QUARTER HOT TARGET: LAPTOPS

Laptops were a very hot target in commercial and residential burglaries, as well as larcenies from buildings in the first quarter. One specific location on Massachusetts Ave. reported a burglary with multiple laptop thefts during one weekend at the end of February. Additionally there were 16 larcenies from buildings where laptops were targeted during the first quarter. Of the 16 locations, 11 were thefts from company offices where victims reported laptops missing after leaving their offices unattended and the laptops out in the open. A majority of the buildings targeted were in East Cambridge.

STREET ROBBERY DOWN:

Robbery overall was down 19%, street robbery was down 5% during the third quarter with few patterns identified throughout the year.

What started out as a possible pattern in Cambridgeport, turned out to be more of a hotspot, with unrelated robberies all occurring around Central Square. Starting back in Mid-December and continuing until Mid-January, five street robberies occurred in that area. In four of the incidents, the victim was a female and there were two suspects in three of the incidents. The suspect descriptions and their method of robbing the victim were different in each incident.

There were two noteworthy street robbery arrests in the first quarter. The first arrest was made in connection with a robbery that occurred in late December. The suspect was later identified as the perpetrator after being arrested on an assault and battery warrant. The second was of a habitual purse-snatcher who was arrested on January 10th in Harvard Square after police stopped the suspect and the victim positively identified him as the man who snatched her purse.

The most notable street robbery pattern in the first quarter involved six robberies in Area 4, which started at the end of February and continued into the beginning of March. The first four incidents occurred on either an early Tuesday morning or a late Tuesday night. The series continued until March 9th, where two robberies occurred within minutes of each other in the early hours of a Thursday morning. In all six cases, there was more than one young suspect threatening the victim (most cases a male, walking alone) with a gun and demanding their wallet. In four cases, the victim refused and the suspects fled without taking anything. This pattern has stopped and no related incidents have been reported since March 9th.

The second quarter saw one significant street robbery pattern, which occurred in April and was labeled a pack robbery series, a total of eight robberies were possibly related. In most of the incidents, the suspects used physical force and/or brandished a knife to threaten their victims into giving them their money. All victims targeted were walking alone late at night into the early morning hours. The robbers stayed in the vicinity of Inman/Harrington and Area 4 neighborhoods and continued from April 15th until

the last reported incident on April 27th. This series has since stopped and no related incidents have been reported since then.

Arrests were made at the scene of five street robberies. A Clifton St. resident was arrested in April for purse snatching after the victim positively identified him as the perpetrator who fought with her to steal her bag. That same day in April, an acquaintance street robbery occurred. Officers responded to the suspect's house when the victim informed them of who attacked her. He was arrested after turning himself in. A homeless man was arrested in April for street robbery. A Roxbury man was arrested in June for street robbery after assaulting a homeless man with a knife and attempting to rob him. The arrestee approached the victim and asked for a bite of his sandwich and a bottle of alcohol. When the victim refused, the arrestee struck him with his hands and brandished a folding knife. The victim in that incident was then later arrested the evening for street robbery after attempting to rob another homeless man.

The third quarter saw a total of 44 street robberies. There was a minor pattern that developed in mid-July around the Fresh Pond Mall where victims were confronted by a group of young male suspects and then robbed of their belongings. Area 4 was responsible for 18% of the street robberies over the third quarter. A female Cambridge resident was arrested in July for street robbery after a drug deal went sour. Another Cambridge resident was arrested a few days later after stealing a wallet from the back pocket of the victim along Massachusetts Ave. Two suspects robbed a group of teenagers on Sherman St., one of the perpetrators, a Watertown resident, was positively identified by the victims. Three homeless people were arrested in August after committing a robbery in the Cambridge Common. Overall, it was an extremely quiet summer for street robberies with no identifiable patterns.

DECREASE IN COMMERCIAL ROBBERIES:

Commercial robbery was cut nearly in half over the first nine months of the year compared to the first nine months of 2005.

There were 15 commercial robberies this first quarter, down 35% from last year. There were two taxi driver robberies; the first was on Lawn St. in January, where two customers assaulted the driver and robbed him of his cell phone and cash. An arrest was later made in connection with this robbery. The second was a week later, while a cab was idling at the intersection of Alewife Brook Parkway and Rindge Ave. A group of 20 young teens surrounded the taxi, opened the passenger side door, and stole the driver's cell phone and wallet. A juvenile later admitted to the theft in this incident.

There was a notable commercial robbery series' that continued from the first into the second quarter. A series of robberies targeted a convenience store on Massachusetts Ave. where there were three robberies between January and early February. In each of the robberies the suspect entered the store, threatened the clerk with a gun and demanded money. This same convenience store experienced two more robberies in the second quarter. In late May, a Somerville resident loitering around the establishment was arrested in connection to a robbery at this location earlier this year.

In the first quarter, a series of incidents targeted dry cleaning establishments. There were two commercial robberies at cleaners on Saturdays in January and February. In both robberies, the suspect entered the cleaners wearing a black mask, brandished a handgun, and demanded money from the register. The suspect then fled in an awaiting motor vehicle operated by a second suspect.

There were only six commercial robberies from April until June, with only one bank robbery. The lone bank robbery was at the *Portuguese Credit Union* on Hampshire St. in early June. Some of the tellers recognized the suspect who robbed the credit union as the same suspect who robbed them a few months prior in March.

Again, the third quarter saw a minimal number of commercial robberies; with only seven incidents reported from July to September, last year 17 were reported. There were two bank robberies in the third quarter, both about a month apart from each other. The first was on August 14 at *The First National Bank* on Massachusetts Ave. where a suspect passed a teller a note demanding money. The second bank robbery occurred at the *Century Bank* located on Massachusetts Ave. The FBI Bank Robbery Task Force arrested 29-year-old Joseph Smith of Woburn, MA for an unrelated warrant. Subsequently, when Smith was interviewed he confessed to committing the *Century Bank* robbery. The Fresh Pond Gasoline station was robbed twice during this quarter in July. A Somerville resident was arrested early August after robbing the *Evergood Market* on Massachusetts Ave.

LARCENIES FROM MOTOR VEHICLES – GPS AND CAR STEREO THEFTS:

Since the beginning of the year, there has been 566 larcenies from motor vehicles, 209 of those took place over the third quarter. Last year at this time, there were a reported 416 larcenies from motor vehicles; this translates into a 36% increase in larcenies.

There were 179 larcenies from motor vehicles in the first quarter of the year. Nearly 14% of the larcenies targeted GPS Navigation systems. A similarity in a majority of the incidents was the method of entry, usually by breaking windows. Nearly all the thefts took place in parking garages/lots. The most common time frame was during the day from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. when most vehicle owners were at work away from their cars. There were over 10 incidents at the Galleria Mall and over 10 at Cambridge Center. Kendall Square and Science Park were also targeted. The State Police arrested a major suspect in these larcenies in early February. This offender admitted to stealing five GPS systems from the Museum of Science parking garage, five to six from the Galleria, 10-12 from Kendall Square, and from locations in Boston. Nationally as well as locally, this trend seems to be cooling. There were only a handful of stolen GPS systems in the second quarter of the year.

Three juveniles were arrested on Fresh Pond Parkway at the end of January after witnesses reported seeing three suspects entering cars and removing items. When officers caught up with the suspects, numerous items were found in their possession from a number of previous larcenies from motor vehicles. Two suspects were arrested in Mid-Cambridge in late June after a witness spotted the two individuals removing the tires off of a Honda Civic on Harvard St.

There were three larcenies from motor vehicle series in the second quarter, all in the same general area in the Peabody neighborhood (Sector 5) and all larcenies targeted stereo systems. There were multiple incidents of larcenies clustered in Sectors 1 and 5 in March and April. Nearly half of those targeted car stereos. Again from May 18th to the 22nd, there were 12 larcenies reported throughout the City. Sixty eight percent of those occurred in sector 5. Windows were smashed in all incidents and radios were stolen. In sector 1 during that same time frame, two juveniles were arrested after they set off a car alarm and officers located the suspects and found burglarious tools in their backpacks. The Peabody neighborhood was hit the hardest in the second quarter when a rash of larcenies occurring in the Hubbard Ave. and Richdale Ave. area in June. Thirty motor vehicles were targeted and stereos were being ripped

right out of the dashboards. Compared to last year's second quarter, where Peabody only saw nine larcenies.

Larcenies from motor vehicles have been by far one of the hottest crimes in Cambridge throughout the entire year. There has been a 36% increase in incidents from last year to this year. In nearly 46% of all larcenies over the third quarter entry was gained by breaking a window. Sector 5 saw the majority of the larcenies, with a reported 33% of the incidents. Of those larcenies, stereos were the most common targets. This pattern developed over the summer months with the hot spots being around Richdale Ave. and Humboldt Street. These larcenies were occurring from 3:00 a.m. – 5:00 a.m. and early on in the week, on Mondays, Tuesdays, and Wednesdays. Since September, no geographic or temporal patterns have been identified.

RESIDENTIAL BURGLARIES: NEW LOWS

There was an exceptionally low total of residential burglaries during the first quarter, down by more than half from last year's first quarter total. The first quarter last year saw 132 residential burglaries; this year there were only 60. Further, when comparing these first quarter totals to the average of the previous eight years, it is still down by 40%. Ten of the 60 residential burglaries were attempts.

Mid-Cambridge reported four residential burglaries on one day in January, where entrance was gained by prying the front door to each residence. Two of the burglaries occurred in the same apartment complex and all four of the housebreaks were in residential complexes. In three of the housebreaks, nothing appeared missing from the residence, but the residences were rummaged through. The highest number of housebreaks were reported in Mid-Cambridge, which is one of the most densely populated neighborhoods in the City.

A cross-jurisdictional pattern emerged along the Cambridge/Somerville border in the first quarter, during the early days of the week between noon and 3:00 p.m. Entry into residences was split between forcing front doors and prying side windows. The suspects were targeting electronic equipment, such as laptops and computer accessories. Two individuals were arrested in Somerville in early April in connection with this series. They are believed to be involved in over a dozen residential burglaries along the border.

When comparing the second quarter numbers, from April to June saw 130 residential burglaries while 2005 had 129 housebreaks. Over the entire year however, there has been a 27% decrease in residential burglary with 192 reported this year. Last year experienced 262 during the same time frame.

The most significant housebreak pattern seen during the second quarter occurred in the Mid-Cambridge neighborhood during the last half of the month of May and June where over 20 burglaries were reported. There were only 19 housebreaks in this neighborhood during the first four months of the year. Entry had been gained by damaging apartment window screens (mostly by cutting) and opening the window from the outside. Electronic items such as I-pods, digital cameras, and laptops were the common targets. These housebreaks were occurring during the daytime between the 10:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. while most resident were at work. The potential suspect who was involved in these housebreaks was also involved in numerous housebreak in Somerville.

There was a smaller residential burglary pattern in Sector 4 in the middle of May. There were six daytime housebreaks within a week of each other in the Strawberry Hill neighborhood. This level of housebreak activity is unusual for this neighborhood. Entry was gained by prying of bottom lock of front

doors and targeting jewelry and computers. From mid April until mid May, the Area 4 neighborhood saw 15 burglaries. Two individuals were stopped in the vicinity of where the breaks were occurring but the witness could not positively identify either one of them as the perpetrator.

A Cambridge Police officer was working a detail at the corner of Kirkland St. and Divinity Ave. on May 23rd, when a call came in from dispatch stating that two young suspects were running from a back yard on Sacramento St. with the house alarm sounding. The two juveniles were stopped and identified and arrested for attempted housebreak.

Analysis of the third quarter also shows a decline in residential burglaries. Of the 345 housebreaks that have been reported, 44% occurred during the third quarter. There was a daytime Pattern in the Inman/Harrington neighborhoods, along the borders of Sectors 1 and 2 where entry was gained through unlocked windows. Three juvenile males were arrested towards the end of August after they attempted to break into a home on Marney St. Since this arrest, this pattern has dispersed. The only other identifiable pattern that evolved over the third quarter was a weekend night pattern in Sector 3 that is continuing into the forth quarter of the year. Laptops, jewelry, and digital cameras are the common targets. Entry has been gained in 90% of the incidents through side and rear windows on first floor apartments by cutting the screens. Overall, residential burglaries were down and it was a very quiet summer for this crime.

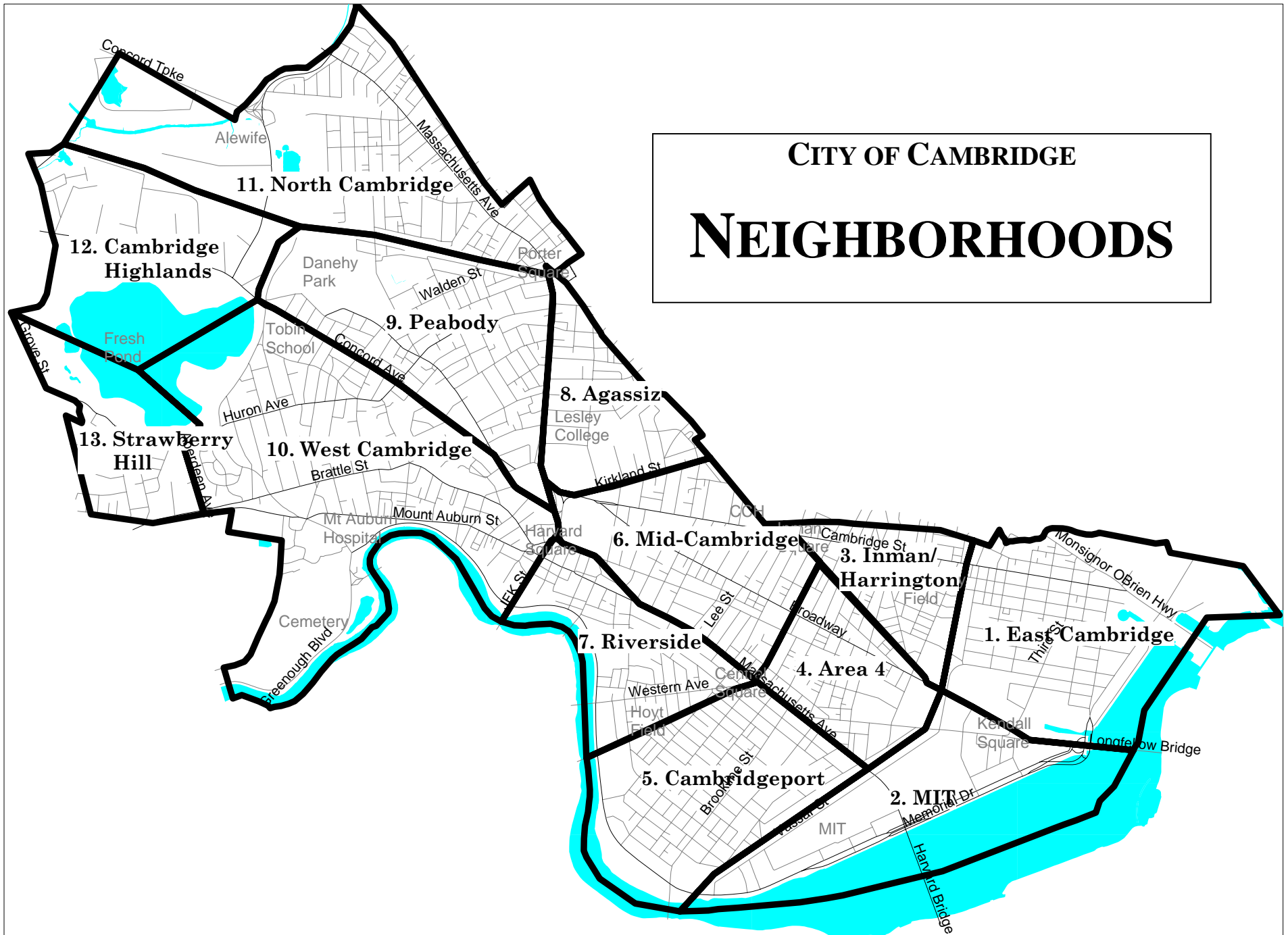
CAMBRIDGE POLICE RESPONSE STRATEGIES

The Cambridge Police Department utilizes a number of different strategies and tactics to identify and interdict crime patterns and trends. *Problem Oriented Policing* is a technique that is employed to combat long-standing crime problems. With POP, the Department analyzes situations, responds employing an array of suitable strategies, and then assesses the outcome of these actions. The community is kept abreast of emerging hotspots in their neighborhoods through scheduled monthly meetings. In more serious cases, a crime alert is dispatched to the affected area.

If ongoing target crime patterns arise, various patrol responses are deployed. Some officers are used as decoys, surveillance units cover potential suspects, and patrol cruisers are directed to specific locations for deterrence and suppression of criminal activity. Regardless of the response strategy, the safety of all citizens remains paramount to the Cambridge Police Department.

CITY OF CAMBRIDGE

NEIGHBORHOODS



FIVE-YEAR NEIGHBORHOOD CRIME COMPARISON

NEIGHBORHOOD 1: East Cambridge

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	34	25	24	57	29
Street Robbery	9	10	13	13	12
Auto Theft	45	34	42	19	19
Larceny from MVs	69	103	49	40	73
Malicious Destruction	104	95	62	64	45
Drug Incidents	11	20	8	13	5

NEIGHBORHOOD 2: M.I.T. Area

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	0	1	2	2	1
Street Robbery	0	2	2	2	1
Auto Theft	4	8	13	3	6
Larceny from MVs	10	18	11	10	16
Malicious Destruction	6	12	7	10	4
Drug Incidents	2	1	0	1	1

NEIGHBORHOOD 3: Inman/Harrington

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	32	10	43	26	35
Street Robbery	10	6	4	12	17
Auto Theft	41	41	35	16	20
Larceny from MVs	28	23	40	22	39
Malicious Destruction	48	53	56	53	45
Drug Incidents	3	19	11	9	13

NEIGHBORHOOD 4: Area 4

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	41	30	49	28	40
Street Robbery	23	22	25	19	27
Auto Theft	50	46	30	19	19
Larceny from MVs	62	34	51	31	50
Malicious Destruction	88	76	70	60	49
Drug Incidents	13	19	12	29	38

NEIGHBORHOOD 5: Cambridgeport

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	59	38	40	52	49
Street Robbery	9	29	23	23	11
Auto Theft	50	58	41	29	21
Larceny from MVs	54	66	69	62	54
Malicious Destruction	105	111	127	64	62
Drug Incidents	13	14	13	22	18

NEIGHBORHOOD 6: Mid-Cambridge

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	76	69	68	64	59
Street Robbery	11	10	9	13	8
Auto Theft	19	27	23	24	22
Larceny from MVs	109	59	71	49	67
Malicious Destruction	102	66	49	72	38
Drug Incidents	8	3	5	15	10

NEIGHBORHOOD 7: Riverside

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	31	28	35	26	20
Street Robbery	9	12	16	12	4
Auto Theft	29	24	24	14	9
Larceny from MVs	33	22	31	31	30
Malicious Destruction	71	52	46	51	44
Drug Incidents	13	13	11	8	8

NEIGHBORHOOD 8: Agassiz

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	38	14	34	12	23
Street Robbery	5	2	3	3	2
Auto Theft	15	11	5	10	10
Larceny from MVs	40	21	32	19	34
Malicious Destruction	19	10	13	14	18
Drug Incidents	2	1	1	2	1

NEIGHBORHOOD 9: Peabody

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	48	38	50	40	29
Street Robbery	6	8	7	8	11
Auto Theft	25	20	41	19	35
Larceny from MVs	45	33	68	45	84
Malicious Destruction	91	57	68	56	55
Drug Incidents	2	6	7	2	3

NEIGHBORHOOD 10: West Cambridge

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	28	28	32	34	29
Street Robbery	11	7	5	4	3
Auto Theft	16	23	29	20	9
Larceny from MVs	39	39	47	40	84
Malicious Destruction	47	59	51	43	47
Drug Incidents	3	2	5	4	3

NEIGHBORHOOD 11: North Cambridge

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	47	46	36	44	22
Street Robbery	9	23	11	9	13
Auto Theft	36	24	30	32	17
Larceny from MVs	54	45	52	42	42
Malicious Destruction	91	76	63	76	75
Drug Incidents	7	6	14	9	13

NEIGHBORHOOD 12: Cambridge Highlands

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	1	3	1	1	3
Street Robbery	1	1	1	3	3
Auto Theft	2	3	9	3	3
Larceny from MVs	10	15	18	14	14
Malicious Destruction	18	21	34	16	12
Drug Incidents	1	1	1	1	1

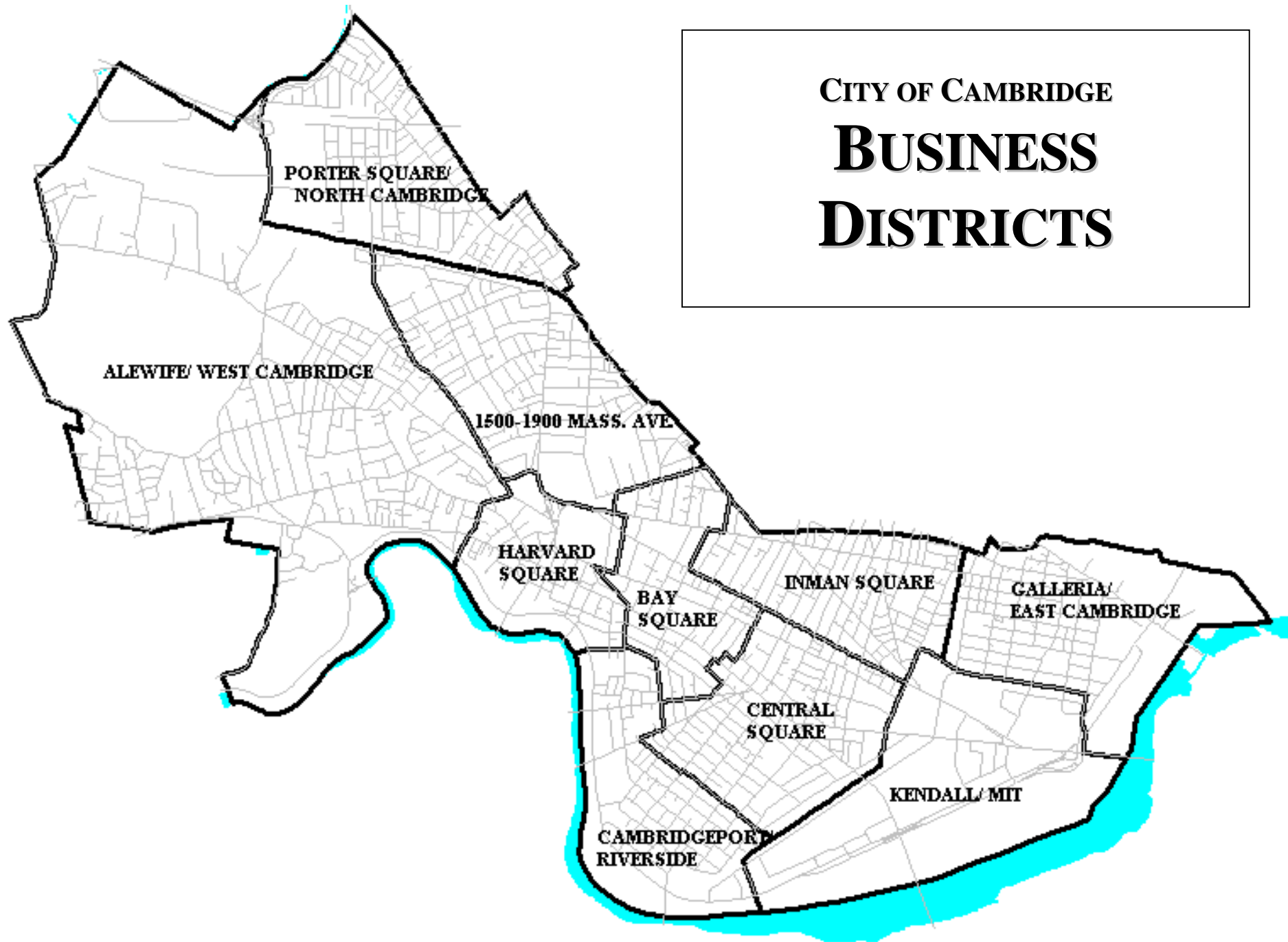
NEIGHBORHOOD 13: Strawberry Hill

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Housebreaks	10	6	9	6	6
Street Robbery	2	2	1	1	4
Auto Theft	8	4	5	4	4
Larceny from MVs	7	9	8	11	15
Malicious Destruction	13	20	12	14	14
Drug Incidents	3	2	2	0	1

Neighborhood Crime Comparison Table January-September 2006													
Crime	East Camb	MIT	Inman	Area 4	Camb-port	Mid-Camb	River-side	Agassiz	Peabody	West Camb	North Camb	Camb Highlands	Straw- berry Hill
Auto Theft	19	6	20	19	21	22	9	10	35	9	17	3	4
Drug Incidents	5	1	13	38	18	10	8	1	3	3	13	1	1
Housebreak	29	1	35	40	49	59	20	23	29	29	22	3	6
Larceny from Building	75	7	12	21	28	25	19	8	11	34	31	8	0
Larceny from MV	73	16	39	50	54	67	30	34	84	48	42	14	15
Larceny from Person	31	7	9	20	38	20	40	6	10	37	13	3	1
Larceny from Residence	15	0	12	12	21	21	15	11	30	31	16	0	7
Larceny of Bicycle	13	7	12	19	20	22	14	4	16	11	24	2	3
Larceny of Plate	4	1	1	2	2	2	5	1	2	1	3	0	1
Larceny of Services	1	0	3	0	3	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0
Mal. Dest. Property	45	4	45	49	62	38	44	18	55	47	75	12	14
Street Robbery	12	1	17	27	11	8	4	2	11	3	13	3	4

CITY OF CAMBRIDGE

BUSINESS DISTRICTS



FIVE-YEAR BUSINESS DISTRICTS CRIME COMPARISON

BUSINESS DISTRICT 1: East Cambridge/Galleria

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	66	62	79	67	62
Larceny from Person	27	28	24	34	30
Commercial Burglary	24	9	2	14	22
Commercial Robbery	6	3	6	8	2
Shoplifting	108	86	112	106	69
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	72	59	63	40	58

BUSINESS DISTRICT 2: M.I.T./Kendall Sq./Lower Broadway

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	37	37	23	28	23
Larceny from Person	13	6	9	5	8
Commercial Burglary	6	9	5	6	12
Commercial Robbery	1	4	3	1	0
Shoplifting	0	2	0	3	3
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	9	8	10	15	5

BUSINESS DISTRICT 3: Inman Square/Harrington

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	21	22	26	26	20
Larceny from Person	3	8	12	9	19
Commercial Burglary	14	19	8	11	15
Commercial Robbery	1	2	4	17	3
Shoplifting	5	4	2	3	2
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	28	33	33	24	31

BUSINESS DISTRICT 4: Central Square Area

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	75	77	58	72	47
Larceny from Person	57	74	62	70	70
Commercial Burglary	29	13	27	11	21
Commercial Robbery	4	4	8	11	3
Shoplifting	87	57	54	78	82
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	67	67	79	59	59

BUSINESS DISTRICT 5: Cambridgeport/Riverside

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	19	11	18	18	8
Larceny from Person	9	5	3	3	6
Commercial Burglary	3	4	1	3	5
Commercial Robbery	0	0	1	4	2
Shoplifting	8	6	6	12	15
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	18	11	9	19	27

BUSINESS DISTRICT 6: Bay Square/Upper Broadway

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	27	29	46	32	16
Larceny from Person	7	6	13	8	6
Commercial Burglary	5	13	2	15	6
Commercial Robbery	1	1	2	0	0
Shoplifting	2	2	3	3	1
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	14	20	19	22	19

BUSINESS DISTRICT 7: Harvard Square

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	59	62	74	63	31
Larceny from Person	120	77	88	96	62
Commercial Burglary	24	19	15	11	13
Commercial Robbery	5	2	5	2	0
Shoplifting	66	62	51	39	41
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	54	41	39	26	24

BUSINESS DISTRICT 8: Massachusetts Avenue (1500-1900 block)

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	26	30	34	41	16
Larceny from Person	8	9	9	8	14
Commercial Burglary	2	3	8	14	7
Commercial Robbery	3	2	3	1	2
Shoplifting	4	6	1	3	4
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	20	26	27	25	25

BUSINESS DISTRICT 9: Porter Square/North Cambridge

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	29	27	24	23	27
Larceny from Person	17	10	15	8	13
Commercial Burglary	8	11	2	13	20
Commercial Robbery	4	3	4	6	9
Shoplifting	22	12	23	19	16
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	29	29	23	27	25

BUSINESS DISTRICT 10: Alewife/West Cambridge

CRIME	Jan-Sept 2002	Jan-Sept 2003	Jan-Sept 2004	Jan-Sept 2005	Jan-Sept 2006
Larceny from Buildings	45	50	56	38	29
Larceny from Person	31	14	15	16	7
Commercial Burglary	19	13	12	13	13
Commercial Robbery	2	3	9	6	7
Shoplifting	47	20	38	19	18
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfeiting	32	31	28	27	36

Business District Crime Comparison Table January-September 2006

Crime	East Cambridge/ Galleria	Mit/Kendal Sq./ Lower Broadway	Inman Sq./ Harrington	Central Sq.	Cambridge port/ Riverside	Bay Sq./ Upper Broadway	Harvard Sq.	Mass Ave.	Porter Sq./North Camb.	Alewife/ West Camb.
Larceny from Buildings	62	23	20	47	8	16	31	16	27	29
Larceny from Person	30	8	19	70	6	6	62	14	7	7
Commercial Burglary	22	12	15	21	5	6	13	7	20	13
Commercial Robbery	2	0	3	3	2	0	0	2	9	7
Shoplifting	69	3	2	70	15	1	41	4	16	18
Fraud/Flim Flam/Counterfei ting	58	5	31	82	27	19	24	25	25	36